

## Embedding - definition\*

ULRICH KOSCHORKE

### 1. DEFINITION

We work in a fixed category CAT of topological, piecewise linear,  $C^r$ -differentiable ( $1 \leq r \leq \infty$ ) or real analytic manifolds (second countable, Hausdorff, without boundary) and maps between them.

Let  $f : M^m \rightarrow N^n$  be such a map between manifolds of the indicated dimensions  $1 \leq m < n$ .

**Definition 1.1.** We call  $f$  an **embedding** (and we write  $f : M \hookrightarrow N$ ) if  $f$  is an **immersion** which maps  $M$  homeomorphically onto its image.

It follows that an embedding cannot have selfintersections. But even an injective immersion need not be an embedding; e.g. the figure six 6 is the image of a smooth immersion but not of an embedding. Note that in the topological and piecewise linear categories, CAT = TOP or PL, our definition yields *locally flat* embeddings. In these categories there are other concepts of embeddings - e.g. wild embeddings - which are not locally flat: the condition of local flatness is implied by our definition of immersion. Embeddings (and immersions) into familiar target manifolds such as  $\mathbb{R}^n$  may help to visualize abstractly defined manifolds. E.g. all **smooth surfaces** can be immersed into  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ; but **non-orientable surfaces** (such as the projective plane and the Klein bottle) allow no embeddings into  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

### 2. EXISTENCE OF EMBEDDINGS

**Theorem 2.1** ([2]). *For every compact  $m$ -dimensional PL-manifold  $M$  there exists a PL-embedding  $M \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2m}$ .*

**Remark 2.2.** For a good exposition of Theorem 2.1 see also [4, p. 63].

**Theorem 2.3** ([5]). *For every closed  $m$ -dimensional  $C^\infty$ -manifold  $M$  there exists a  $C^\infty$ -embedding  $M \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^{2m}$ .*

**Remark 2.4.** For more modern expositions see also [1, p. 67ff] and [3, 22.1].

Similar existence results for embeddings  $M^m \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^N$  are valid also in the categories of real analytic maps and of isometrics (Nash) when  $N \gg 2m$  is sufficiently high.

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\*Atlas page: [www.map.mpim-bonn.mpg.de/Embedding](http://www.map.mpim-bonn.mpg.de/Embedding)

## 3. CLASSIFICATION

In order to get a survey of all *essentially distinct* embeddings  $f : M \hookrightarrow N$  it is meaningful to introduce equivalence relations such as (ambient) isotopy, concordance, bordism etc., and to aim at classifying embeddings accordingly. The difficulty of this task depends heavily on the choices of  $M$  and  $N$  and especially their dimensions: for more information please see the page on [high codimension embeddings](#). Already for the most basic choices of  $M$  and  $N$  this may turn out to be a very difficult task. E.g. in the [theory of knots](#) (or links) where  $M$  is a 1-sphere (or a finite union of 1-spheres), and  $N = \mathbb{R}^3$  the multitude of possible knotting and linking phenomena is just overwhelming. Even classifying links up to the very crude equivalence relation *link homotopy* is very far from having been achieved yet.

## REFERENCES

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ULRICH KOSCHORKE  
 DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, ENC,  
 UNIVERSITÄT SIEGEN,  
 D57068 SIEGEN, GERMANY

*E-mail address:* [koschorke@mathematik.uni-siegen.de](mailto:koschorke@mathematik.uni-siegen.de)